



ONEIDA ADVISOR

APRIL 2017

ISSUE 15

ONEIDA TOWNSHIP RESOLUTION CONCERNING SEWER SYSTEM

The following is a resolution adopted by the Oneida Township Board of Supervisors November 2016. This resolution is to clarify who is responsible for the maintenance costs of grinder pumps in Oneida Township.

A RESOLUTION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF ONIEDA, COUNTY OF HUNTINGDON IN THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PROVIDING FOR A POLICY GOVERNING THE OWNERSHIP AND MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITY OF FUTURE GRINDER PUMP CONNECTIONS

Whereas, the Oneida Township Supervisors desires to adopt reasonable Rules and Regulations, that among other things, treat its customers in an equitable manner, while maintaining relatively affordable public sewerage services;

NOW, THEREFORE, LET IT BE RESOLVED, the Oneida Township Supervisors hereby adopts the following resolution:

Where the Oneida Township Supervisors have determined that maintenance and replacement costs associated with the ordinary wear and tear shall be borne by the Township. Maintenance and replacement costs caused by tampering, misuse, abuse or improper operation shall be charged to the property owner.

Where each property owner has a duty to preclude materials that can cause premature failure and damage to the grinder pump units. Discharge of these materials to the grinder pump constitutes misuse by the property owner/operator. These materials include, but are not limited to, garbage that is not properly shredded garbage, glass, diapers, metal, plastic objects, seafood shells, golf balls, hard objects, sanitary napkins or tampons, explosives, strong chemicals (paints and solvents), gasoline, flammable materials, lubricating oil and/or grease, and any other substance prohibited by Local, State or Federal law or regulation.

RESOLVED, by the Oneida Township Supervisors, that a policy on the ownership and maintenance of future grinder pump connections has been established as stated herein, duly adopted and ordained this second day of November 2016.

Oneida Township Personnel

John A. Skipper,
Chairman
James E. Ferrenberg,
Vice-Chairman,
Road Master
John K. Delaney, Jr.,
Supervisor
Hank Strong,
Treasurer
Doris Hayden,
Secretary
Nicholas Newfield,
Solicitor
Susan P. Hurley,
Tax Collector

Oneida Township
PO Box 406
Huntingdon, PA 16652
Phone: 814.643.3116
Fax: 814.643.0524
Hours: M,T,TH 9:30-3:30

Oneida Township has scheduled Clean-Up days for: APRIL 21 & 22, 2017

For residents of the township only.

Hours will be 8 am to 8 pm on Friday and 8 am to 5 pm on Saturday.

We will take tires, but there will be a disposal fee.

Refrigerators and freezers must have doors removed.

We will NOT take: hazardous waste, liquid paints or solvents, gas or propane cylinders, lawn or yard waste, or household garbage.

No construction waste.

There are no pick-ups, delivered waste only.

NO Electronics will be accepted which includes: TV's, computers, monitors and other peripherals.



ONEIDA TOWNSHIP
PO Box 406
Huntingdon, PA 16652



Plants for Pollinators: Giant Hyssop

By Justin Wheeler.

This Article is part of a series by Justin Wheeler published by the Xerxes Society February 2, 2017 highlighting some of the best plants for pollinators.

Members of the mint family tend to be highly attractive to bees, and giant hyssop is no exception – in fact, it happens to be one of the most attractive plants for bees and supports a diversity of pollinators. Historically, mass plantings of giant blue hyssop were established in parts of the Midwest and Canada specifically as a “honey plant” to support apiaries. While bees probe the deep tubular flowers for nectar, skippers, fritillaries, and the occasional hummingbird may also visit the plant.

Though it is in the mint family, it does not spread aggressively like culinary mint, though it may be prone to re-seeding throughout the garden. As it’s generally ignored by rabbits and deer, it may be used as a barrier to keep them away from more sensitive plants.

There are many plants of the *Agastache* genus, and the plant has been widely cultivated and hybridized for nursery sales in recent years. You’re likely to find the plant in a cultivated species other than *A. foeniculum* with spikes of bright pink, orange, or red flowers, or cultivars of *A. foeniculum* with names like ‘Black Adder’ and ‘Blue Fortune’. While some cultivars are still attractive to pollinators, others are less so. If you’re looking to provide the best support for pollinators, plant the straight species of giant blue hyssop (*Agastache foeniculum*) or the cultivar ‘Blue Fortune’ which, in a study by Mt. Cuba Center, was found to be as attractive as the straight species. Avoid planting ‘Golden Jubilee’, a cultivar with vivid green leaves, it’s been found to be unnoticed by bees.

Native Range: More than a dozen species of giant hyssop are found in North America. Widely distributed across the U.S. and Canada, locally native species can be found in almost all regions of the U.S. except the southeastern region of Louisiana, Georgia, and Florida. Many cultivars exist, though few are as attractive to pollinators as the straight species.

Best for: Attracting and supporting native bees, provisioning for honey bees.

